Seminário de Análise

Extremal functions for Trudinger–Moser inequalities

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Abstract.

In this paper we prove existence of extremal functions for certain Trudinger–Moser inequalities on the whole plane. Precisely, by using blow-up analysis, we show that the supremum

$$\sup_{u \in W^{1,2}(\mathbb{R}^2) : \|u\|_{1,2} = 1} \int_{\mathbb{R}^2} \left[e^{4\pi (1+\alpha \|u\|_2^2)u^2} - 1 \right] \mathrm{d}x \tag{(*)}$$

is attained for all $\alpha \in [0,1)$, where $W^{1,2}(\mathbb{R}^2)$ is the standard first order Sobolev space endowed with the Sobolev norm $||u||_{1,2}^2 = ||\nabla u||_2^2 + ||u||_2^2$ and $||u||_2$ is the usual L^2 – Lebesgue norm. This kind of inequality was originally proposed by Adimurthi and O. Druet [1] in bounded domains of \mathbb{R}^2 and extended by Y. Yang [4] to high dimensional case. This current paper improved and complemented the results of [2, 3], where the authors have proved that the supremum in (*) is finite.

References

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