# Seminário de Álgebra 

# Integers that are covering numbers of groups. 

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#### Abstract

For $G$ a finite group let $s(G)$ be the minimal number of proper subgroups of $G$ whose union is $G$. One of the main open conjectures about $s(G)$ is whether there are infinitely many positive integers that are NOT of the form $s(G)$ where $G$ is a finite group (I will refer to it as "main conjecture"). To attack this problem it makes sense to try to obtain partial results by letting $G$ vary in a given family $F$ of finite groups, in other words given such a family $F$ we may consider the conjecture"there are infinitely many positive integers that are not of the form $s(G)$ where $G$ belongs to $F$ ". By a result of Tomkinson this conjecture holds for the family of solvable groups. In a recent work joint with E. Swartz and L. Kappe, in which we obtained several results related to the main conjecture, we worked out the case in which $F$ is the family of groups all of whose proper quotients are solvable. In this talk I will present the main ideas that allowed us to prove this, and the general techniques we like to use to attack the main conjecture.


