## On the Arithmetic Behaviour of Liouville Numbers Under Rational Maps

Ana Paula Chaves<sup>\*</sup> Instituto de Matemática e Estatística Universidade Federal de Goiás Goiânia, Brazil

## Abstract

The genesis of transcendental number theory, took place in 1844 with Liouville's result "bad" approximation of algebraic numbers by rationals. More precisely, if  $\alpha$  is an algebraic number of degree n > 1, then there exists a positive constant C, such that  $|\alpha - p/q| > Cq^{-n}$ , for all  $p/q \in \mathbb{Q}^*$ . Using this remarkable fact, he was able to build a non enumerable set of transcendental numbers called *Liouville numbers*. Since then, several classifications of transcendental numbers have been developed, one of them proposed by Kurt Mahler in 1932. He splited the set of transcendental numbers on three disjoint sets: S-,T- and U-numbers. In a certain sense, U-numbers generalize the concept of Liouville numbers. Yet, the set of U-numbers can be splitted into  $U_m-$ numbers, that are numbers "rapidly" approximable by algebraic numbers of degree m. On this lecture, the following result, made in cooperation with D. Marques and P. Trojovsky, will be proved:

**Theorem:** Let  $\omega : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}$ , such that  $\omega_n \to \infty$ , as  $n \to \infty$ . Let  $\xi \in \mathbb{R}$  be a Liouville number, such that there exists an infinite sequence of rational numbers  $(p_n/q_n)_n$ , satisfying

$$\left|\xi - \frac{p_n}{q_n}\right| < H\left(\frac{p_n}{q_n}\right)^{-\omega_n}$$

where  $H(p_{n+1}/q_{n+1}) \leq H(p_n/q_n)^{O(\omega_n)}$ . Now, take  $\alpha_0, \ldots, \alpha_l, \beta_0, \ldots, \beta_r \in \overline{\mathbb{Q}}$ , with  $\beta_r = 1$  and  $\alpha_l \neq 0$ , such that  $[\mathbb{Q}(\alpha_0, \ldots, \alpha_l, \beta_0, \ldots, \beta_r) : \mathbb{Q}] = m$ . Then, for  $P(z), Q(z) \in \overline{\mathbb{Q}}[z]$ , given by  $P(z) = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 z + \cdots + \alpha_l z^l$  and  $Q(z) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 z + \cdots + \beta_r z^r$ ,  $P(\xi)/Q(\xi)$  is a  $U_m$ -number.

<sup>\*</sup>e-mail: apchaves.math@gmail.com