

# Unique solutions for functional Volterra–Stieltjes integral equations

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## Abstract

In this work, we deal with integral functional Volterra–Stieltjes integral equations:

$$\begin{cases} x(t) = \phi(0) + \int_{t_0}^t a(t, s)f(x_s, s)dg(s), & t \geq t_0, \\ x_{t_0} = \phi, \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

where  $t_0 \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $\phi \in G([-r, 0], \mathbb{R}^n)$ ,  $f : G([-r, 0], \mathbb{R}^n) \times [t_0, +\infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $a : [t_0, +\infty)^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $g : [t_0, +\infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x_s : [-r, 0] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$  is defined by  $x_s(\theta) = x(s + \theta)$  and the integral on the right-hand side is in the sense of Henstock–Kurzweil–Stieltjes.

We shall present some conditions with respect to the functions  $a$  and  $g$ , as well as some conditions with respect to the integral

$$\int_{\tau_1}^{\tau_2} b(t, s)f(x_s, s)dg(s),$$

when  $b : [t_0, +\infty)^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a regulated function and  $t_0 \leq \tau_1 \leq \tau_2 \leq t_0 + \sigma < d$ , for some  $0 < \sigma < d - t_0$ .

With these conditions, we will be able to prove the existence and uniqueness of local and maximal solutions for equation (1).

## References

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